



Title CSOP CSOP 032 – Medical Cardiac Arrest

Version No: 1.0

Effective date: 22/02/2021

Appendix 1 – Tasking system for patients in cardiac arrest

IMMEDIATE TAAS dispatch:

- Age < 16 years
- Collapse/arrest during or after initial 999 call
- Pregnant patient in cardiac arrest
- Diving emergency
- AED in use and suggesting shock (unless any do not dispatch criteria apply)

Probable TAAS dispatch (Justify not sending)

- Bystander CPR and likely short downtime
- History of implanted defibrillator (ICD) or LVAD
- Cardiac arrest secondary to asthma
- Sustained ROSC and significant time to hospital
- Drug overdose
- Remote location

Do NOT dispatch TAAS

- 3rd party call or no bystander CPR
- Resident of elderly/residential care home (even if CPR/AED in progress)
- DNAR/RESPECT/End of life care plan in place
- Signs of obvious death
- Known terminal or life limiting illness
- High Clinical frailty score as evidenced by:
 - Need for carers for daily activities
 - Unable to leave house unaided
 - Bed bound